



W1-2-60-1-6

KIMATHI UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2010/2011

**THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION FOR
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHATRONICS AND TELECOMMUNICATION
AND INFORMATION ENGINEERING**

SMA 2480: COMPLEX ANALYSIS

DATE: AUGUST 2011**TIME: 2 HOURS****INSTRUCTIONS: Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions****QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY)**

- a) Distinguish between isolated singularity and a pole, give example in each case. [3 marks]
- b) State Cauchy's Riemann equations. [2 marks]
- c) Evaluate $\lim_{z \rightarrow 1} \left[\frac{z-1}{\sqrt{z^2+3}-2} \right]$ [4 marks]
- d) Describe the locus represented by $|z+2-3i|=5$ [4 marks]
- e) Write the first three terms of the Taylor's series expansion of $\frac{1}{2z}$ about the point $z=2i$ [4 marks]
- f) Evaluate $\int_{(0,3)}^{(2,4)} (x^2 - y^2 + 2xy)dx + (3x - y)dy$ along the parabola $x=2t, y=t^3+3$ [4 marks]
- g) Show that $z=i$ is a removable discontinuity for $\frac{z^2+1}{z-i}$ [4 marks]
- h) Prove that $\sin^3 \theta = \frac{3 \sin \theta}{4} - \frac{\sin 3\theta}{4}$ [5 marks]

QUESTION TWO

- a) Simplify $\frac{1}{2-3i}$ and give its polar form [4 marks]
- b) i) Define the harmonic function and harmonic conjugate function [4 marks]
 ii) Show that the function $f(x, y) = x^4 - 6x^2y^2 + y^4$ is harmonic everywhere and find its harmonic conjugate [6 marks]
- c) Evaluate $\int_c \frac{e^{2z}}{(z+1)^2} dz$ where c is the circle $|z| = 3$ using the Cauchy's integral formula. Verify your answer by using the Residue's Theorem [6 marks]

QUESTION THREE

- a) Find the residue of $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z)(z+2)^3}$ at the poles. [6 marks]
- b) Evaluate $\int_c \frac{5z^2 - 3z + 2}{(z-1)^3} dz$ where $|z| = 3$ [6 marks]
- c) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$ in Laurent series valid for $1 < |z| < 3$. [8 marks]

QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]

- a) Using the Cauchy Residue Theorem evaluate the integral $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d_n}{3 - 2 \cos_n + \sin_n}$ [8 marks]
- b) If the real part of an analytic function is $y^2 - x^2 - 2y$, determine
 (i) the imaginary part
 (ii) the function $f(z)$
 (iii) $f(z)$ for which $f(0)=0$ [7 marks]
- c) Evaluate $(-1+i)^{1/3}$ [5 marks]

QUESTION FIVE [20 MARKS]

- a) The complex potential $\Omega(z)$ is given by the relation $\Omega(z) = \Phi(x, y) + i\Psi(x, y)$. If the electrostatic potential $\Phi(x, y) = e^{-x}(x \sin y - y \cos y)$ and is harmonic, find the electrostatic flux $\Psi(x, y)$ [6 marks]
- b) Prove that
 (i) $\cos 5_n = 16 \cos^5_n - 20 \cos^3_n + 5 \cos_n$
 (ii) $\sin 5_n = 5 \cos^4_n \sin_n - 10 \cos^2_n \sin^3_n + 5 \sin_n$ [7 marks]
- c) Evaluate $\int_{1-i}^{2+3i} (2z-5) dz$
 (i) Along the straight line joining $1-i$ and $2-i$ [3 marks]

(ii) Along the straight line joining $1-i$ and $2+3i$

[4 marks]