DEDAN KIMATHI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION 2014/2015

SUPPLEMENTARY/SPECIAL EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC/MECHATRONIC/ TELECOMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION ENGINEERING

SMA 2480 COMPLEX ANALYSIS

DATE: 1ST JULY 2015

TIME: 11.00AM-1.00PM

QUESTION ONE (30MKS)

- a) Prove that the function $u = x^2 y^2 2xy 2x + 3y$ is harmonic (4mks)
- b) Investigate the analyticity of the function $f(z) = |z^2|$ at any point z (5mks)

c) Use the Cauchy residue to evaluate
$$\oint_{c} \frac{2z^{2} + 1}{(z-1)^{3}} dz$$
 (4mks)

- d) If f(z) = u + iv is analytic, find f(z) if the real part is given by $u = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos 2x + \cosh 2y}$ (5mks)
- e) Under the transformation w = iz + i show that the half plane x > 0 maps into the halfplane v > 1 (6mks)

f) Evaluate
$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{(s+1)^3(s-1)^2}\right\}$$
 (6mks)

QUESTION TWO (20MKS)

a) Show that the function $x^2 - y^2 + 2y$ is harmonic in the *w*-plane under the transformation $z = w^2$ (6mks)

b) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{5 + 4\sin \theta}$$
 using contour integration (7mks)

c) Find a bilinear transformation which maps the points 1+i,-i,2-i at the *z*-plane into the points 0,1,i of the *w*-plane (7mks)

QUESTION THREE (20MKS)

a) Verify whether the function $u = x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 1$ is harmonic and hence find the conjugate v (4mks)

b) Evaluate
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s^2}{(s^2+4)}\right)$$
 justifying all the steps (8mks)

c) Find the transformation which will map the interior of the infinite strip bounded by the lines v = 0 and $v = \pi$ of the *w*-plane on to the upper half of the *z*-plane (8mks)

QUESTION FOUR (20MKS)

a) Use the Cauchy integral formula to evaluate $\int_{c} \frac{(1+z)e^{z}}{z^{2}(z+1)^{2}} dz$ where $c:(z+i)=\frac{1}{2}$ (6mks)

b) In aerodynamics and fluid dynamics, the functions ϕ and φ in $f(z) = \phi + i\varphi$ where f(z) is analytic, are called the velocity potential and stream function respectively. If $\phi = x^2 + 4x - y^2 + 2y$, find φ and f(z) (6mks)

c) Using contour integration, evaluate
$$\int_0^{\alpha} \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2 + 9)(x^2 + 4)}$$
 (8mks)

QUESTION FIVE (20MKS)

- a) Find the map of the circle $|z| = \lambda$ by the transformation $w = \sqrt{2}(1+i)z$ (6mks)
- b) Show that an arc in the z-plane through the point z₀ is magnified in the ratio |f(z₀)|:1 in the w-plane under the transformation w = f(z), where f(z) is an analytic function and f'(z) ≠ 0 (7mks)

c) Evaluate
$$\int_0^{\alpha} \frac{dx}{x^4 + 1}$$
 (7mks)