

## DEDAN KIMATHI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING ORDINARY EXAMINATIONS FOR ACADEMIC YEAR 2016/2017

## <u>SPH 2170/SPH 2173 PHYSIC I & PHYSICS FOR ENGINEERS I</u> <u>YEAR ONE SEM I</u> For {Mechanical, Mechatronic, Civil(Bsc&Btech)and <u>Electrical and Electronics (Bsc&Btech} and GIS, GEGIS,</u>

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

Answers question **one** and any other **two** questions.

## **Constants**

Answer question <u>One</u> and any other **two** questions.

Some Useful Contents:

- 1.  $C = 3x10^8 m/s$
- 2.  $g = 10m/s^2$
- 3. Density of water =  $1g/cm^3$
- 4. Specific heat capacity of water = 4200 J/kgk
- 5. Atmospheric pressure = 101.3kpa
- 6. Universal gas constant 8.314 J/mol.k.
- 7. Specific heat capacity of ice = 2100 J/kgk.
- 8. Latent heat of fusion Ice =  $3.6x10^5 J/kg$
- 9. Latent heat of vaporization of water =  $2.26 \times 10^6 J/kg$ .
- 10.  $\sigma = 5.6699 x 10^{-8} w/m^2 k^4$

# **Question One (30 marks)**

(a) Define the following terms

- (i) Displacement.( 1 mark)
- (ii) heat. (1 mark)
- (iii) plasticity.( 1 mark)

- (b) Two force ( 400*N*, 50°) and ( 400*N*, 210°) acts at a point. Calculate the resultant force. (3 marks)
- (c) State the laws of refraction. (2 marks)
- (d) The acceleration of a particle from a fixed point O along the X- axis is given by  $a = (2t + 1)ms^{-2}$ . Determine the velocity and displacement equation of the particle given that V=5  $ms^{-1}$  and the displacement X= 20 at t = 0 sec. (4 marks).
- (e) A person wants to have a bath in water at 50°C how much water at 90°c should he add to 20kg of water at 25°C to achieve the desired temperature. (3 marks)
- (f) State three applications of total internal reflection. (3 marks)
- (g) The operating temperature of tungsten filament in a lamp is 2450K and its emissivity is0.3.Find the surface area of the filament of a 40 watts lamp. (3 marks)
- (h) A light bulb is placed 3m in front of a diverging lens of focal length 0.5m .Find the position and magnification of the image formed. (4 marks)
- (i) State Newton's second law of motion. (2 marks)
- (j) State three modes of heat transfer.(3 marks)

#### **Question Two (20 marks)**

- a) State four assumptions that can be made when studying fluid flow. (4 marks)
- b) State three factor that affects the critical velocity of a fluid flowing in a tube.( 3 marks)
- c) Using dimensional analysis find the dimension of work. (3marks)
- d) A force of 3000N is suspended from a wire whose outstretched length is 4m .Its found to stretch the wire to 4.06m. The un-stretch area of the wire, which can be assumed to be constant, is 0.4mm<sup>2</sup>. Determine Young's modulus of elasticity of the wire. (4 marks)
- e) Water enters a house though a pipe 3.0mm in inside diameter at an absolute pressure of  $4.5x10^6 pa$ . The pipe leading to the third floor bathroom is 12m above is 1.8mm in inside diameter. If the velocity of the inlet pipe is 8m/s, calculate
  - (i) flow velocity in the bathroom. (2 marks)
  - (ii) pressure of the water in the bathroom.( 4 marks)

## **Question Three (20 marks)**

- a) Define the following terms.
  - (i) S.H.M. (1 mark)
  - (ii) Wavelength (1 mark)

(iii) Rigid body. (1 mark)

b) State

- (i) Principle of conservation of energy.( 1 mark)
- (ii) Principle of conservation of linear momentum. (1 mark)
- c) Show that if the force on a particle is constant in the x- direction ,then its velocity is given  $byV_x = V_{0x} + a_x t$ . (3 marks)
- d) A block of mass M is initially at rest on a fiction less surface at the origin. At t = 0 a decreasing force of  $F = F_0 e^{-\lambda t}$  acts on it. Determine the equation of its velocity and displacement at any time. (5 marks)
- e) The force on a body is proportional to displacement. A force of 8N causes a displacement of 4mm. If a mass of 4kg is attached at the end of the spring and pulled a displacement of 8mm and released, determine
  - (i) the spring constant. (3 marks)
  - (ii) period and frequency of the oscillation.( 4 marks)

## **Question Four (20 marks)**

- a) State
  - i) Boyles law.(1 mark)
  - ii) Pressure law.(1 mark)
- b) A cylinder is fitted with a movable piston contains 100*cm*<sup>3</sup> of a gas at 47<sup>o</sup>C and at 170 kpa. It is heated to 120<sup>o</sup>c. If the pressure is reduced to 102 kpa by moving out the piston, determine the new volume of the gas. (4 marks)
- c) A metal cup mass of 300g containing 0.5kg of water at a temperature of 28°*C*. A 0.7kg block of same metal that makes the cup at a temperature of 150°*C* is dropped into the cup and the temperature is observed to increase to 38°*C*. Neglecting the heat losses to the surrounding, determine the specific heat capacity of metal. (6marks)
- d) State and explain briefly the three modes of heat transfer. (3 Marks)
- e) How much heat is required to convert 120g of ice at  $-7^{\circ}C$  to steam at 100°C assuming no heat losses to the surrounding? (4 marks)

# **Question Five (20 marks)**

- a) State two main eye defects. (2 marks)
- b) Draw a ray diagram to show how a converging lens is used as a simple microscope. (3 marks)

- c) Using ray diagram method find the image formed by concave mirror if its place 20cm from a mirror whose focal length is 15cm.State the image characteristics. (5 marks)
- d) The equation of a certain traveling transverse wave is given by  $y = 5 \sin 4\pi (\frac{t}{0.04} + \frac{x}{.025})$ where x and y are in meter and t in seconds. Determine:
  - (i) The frequency of the wave. (3 marks)
  - (ii) The speed of the propagation. (3 marks)
- e) Two slits are spaced 0.2mm apart and a screen is at a distance of 1m, the third bright fringe is found to be displaced 7.5mm from the central fringe. Determine the wavelength of the light used. (3 marks)